

# *Linear IC converter*

CMOS

# D/A Converter for Digital Tuning (8-Channel, 8-bit, on-chip OP amp, low-voltage)

## MB88347L

### ■ DESCRIPTION

The MB88347L incorporates eight 8-bit D/A converter modules. This device operates at low supply voltage in the performance guarantee range from 2.7 to 3.6 V. It also contains an output amplifier, allowing driving at large current.

Since the MB88347L inputs data in serial mode, it requires only three control lines for data input and two or more MB88347L units can be cascaded.

The MB88347L is function and pin compatible with the MB88347 (5-volt supply voltage model). The MB88347L can therefore easily replace the MB88347 in a system, thereby reducing the system's voltage requirement.

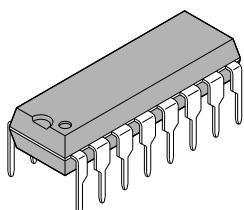
The MB88347L is the best replacement for electronic variable resistors or screwdriver control resistors.

### ■ FEATURES

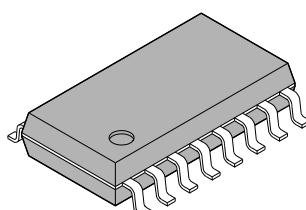
- Ultra-low power consumption (0.5 mW/ch: typical)
- Low voltage operation ( $V_{cc}$  = 2.7 to 3.6 V)
- Ultra-compact space-saving package (SSOP-16)
- Contains 8-channel R-2R type 8-bit D/A converter
- On-chip analog output amps (sink current max. 1.0 mA, source current max. 1.0 mA)
- Analog output range from 0 V to  $V_{cc}$
- Two separate power supply/ground lines for MCU interface block/operational amplifier output buffer block and D/A converter block
- Serial data input, maximum operating speed 2.5 MHz
- CMOS process
- Package lineup includes DIP 16-pin, SOP 16-pin, SSOP 16-pin

### ■ PACKAGES

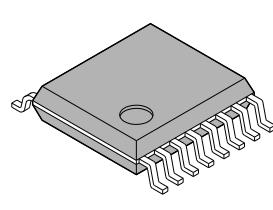
16 pin, Plastic DIP



16 pin, Plastic SOP



16 pin, Plastic SSOP



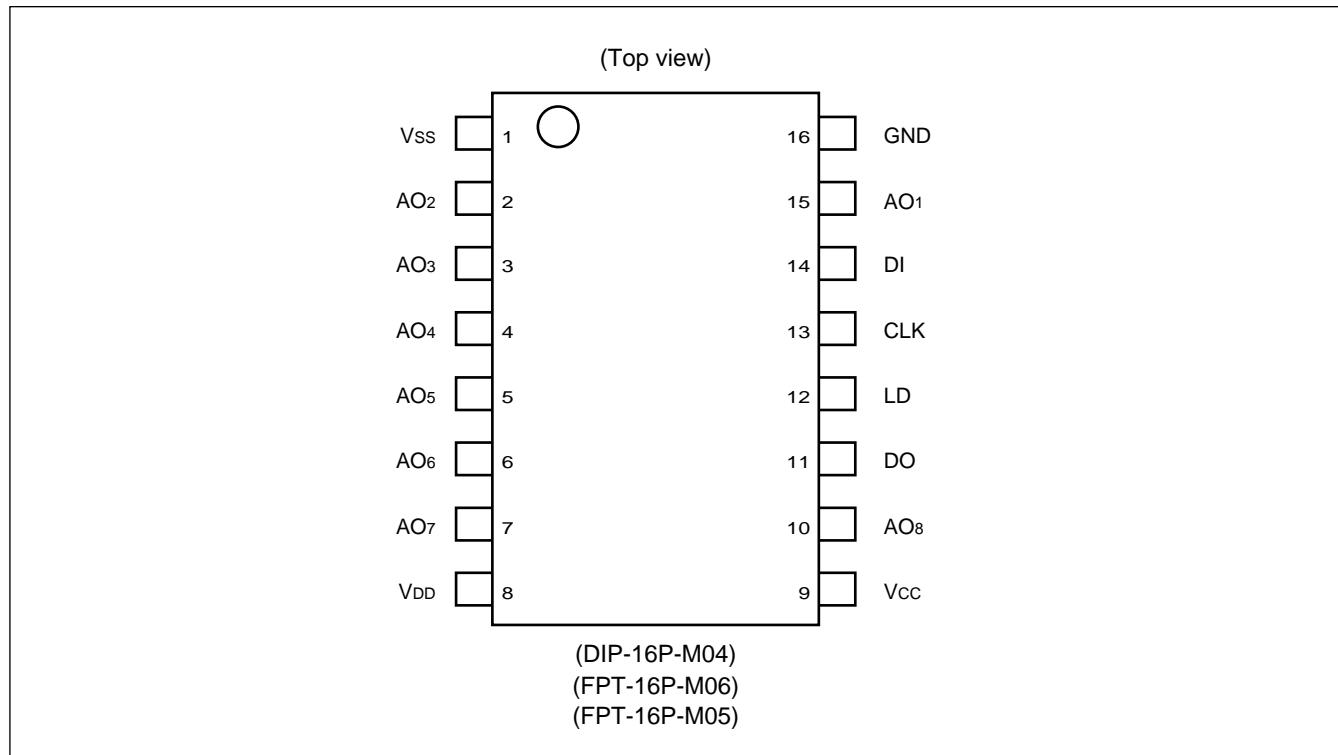
(DIP-16P-M04)

(FPT-16P-M06)

(FPT-16P-M05)

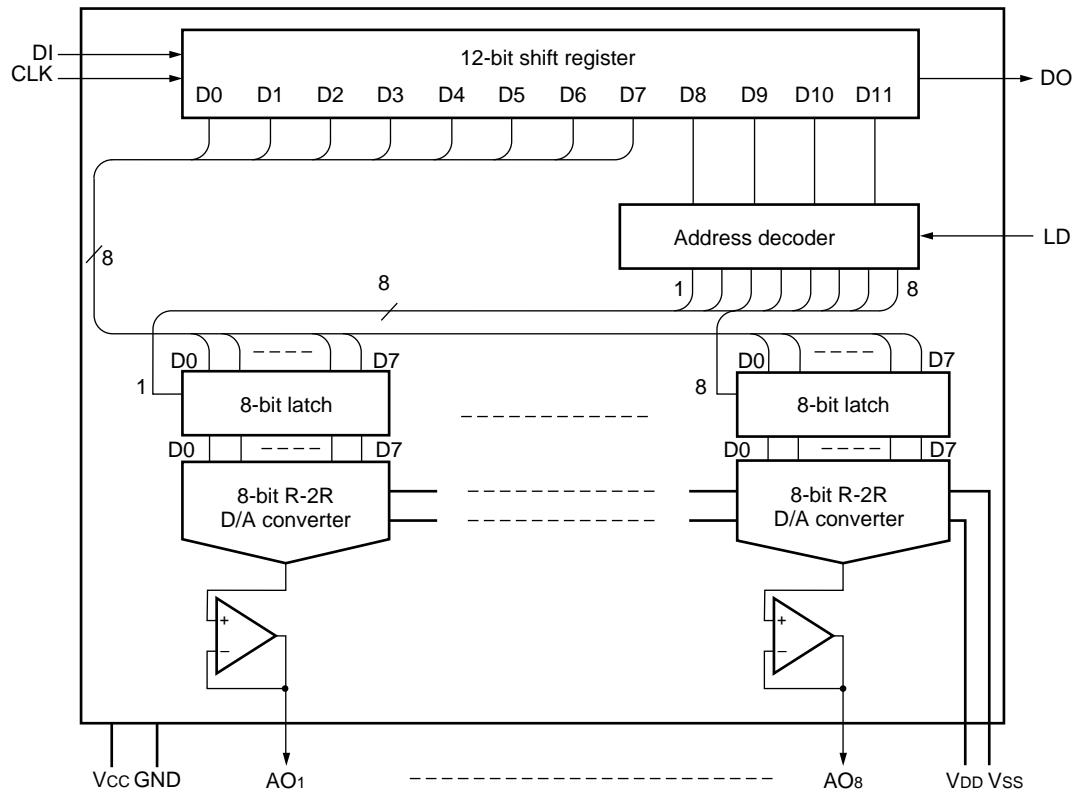
# MB88347L

## ■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



## ■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin name	I/O	Functions
14	DI	I	Serial data input pin. This pin inputs serial data with a data length of 12 bits. (Do not leave the pin floating.)
11	DO	O	This pin outputs the MSB data in the 12-bit shift register at the CLK falling edge.
13	CLK	I	Shift clock input pin. The input signal from the DI pin enters the 12-bit shift register at the rising edge of the shift clock pulse. (Do not leave this pin floating.)
12	LD	I	When the LD pin inputs the High-level signal, shift register value is loaded to the decoder and the D/A output register. (Do not leave this pin floating. When data is not transferred, fix the pin to the "Low" level.)
15 2 3 4 5 6 7 10	AO <sub>1</sub> AO <sub>2</sub> AO <sub>3</sub> AO <sub>4</sub> AO <sub>5</sub> AO <sub>6</sub> AO <sub>7</sub> AO <sub>8</sub>	O	8-bit D/A output with op amp.
9	Vcc	—	MCU interface and OP amp power-supply pin.
16	GND	—	MCU interface and OP amp GND pin.
8	VDD	—	D/A converter reference power (High) input pin.
1	Vss	—	D/A converter reference power (Low) input pin.

**■ BLOCK DIAGRAM**

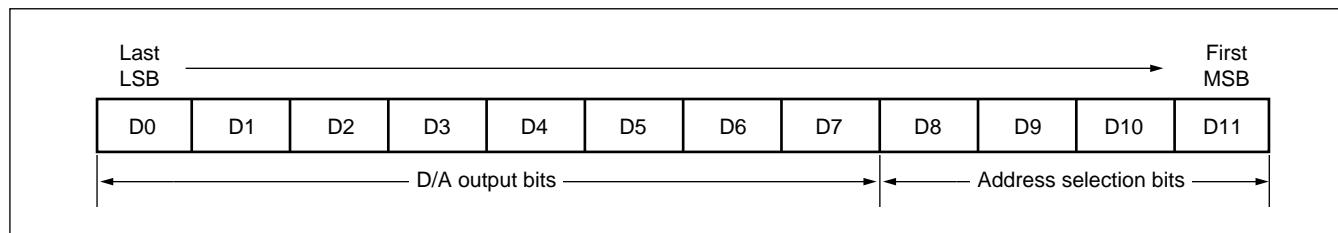
# MB88347L

## ■ DATA CONFIGURATION

The MB88347L has a 12-bit shift register for chip control.

The 12-bit shift register must be used to set up data in the configuration shown below.

The data configuration has a total of 12 bits, for address selection and eight for D/A data output.



- **D/A converter control signals**

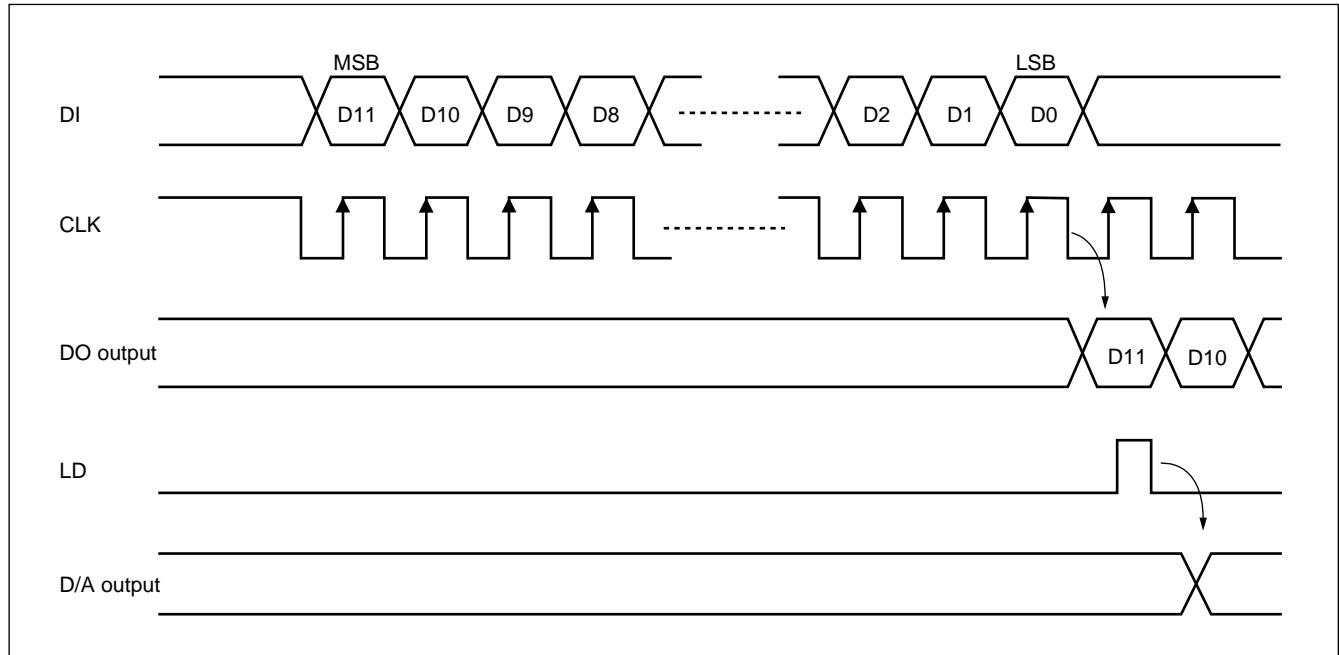
D0	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D/A data output	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\approx V_{ss}$	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\approx V_{LB} \times 1 + V_{ss}$	
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\approx V_{LB} \times 2 + V_{ss}$	
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\approx V_{LB} \times 254 + V_{ss}$	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\approx V_{LB} \times 255 + V_{ss}$	

Note:  $V_{LB} = (V_{DD} - V_{ss})/256$

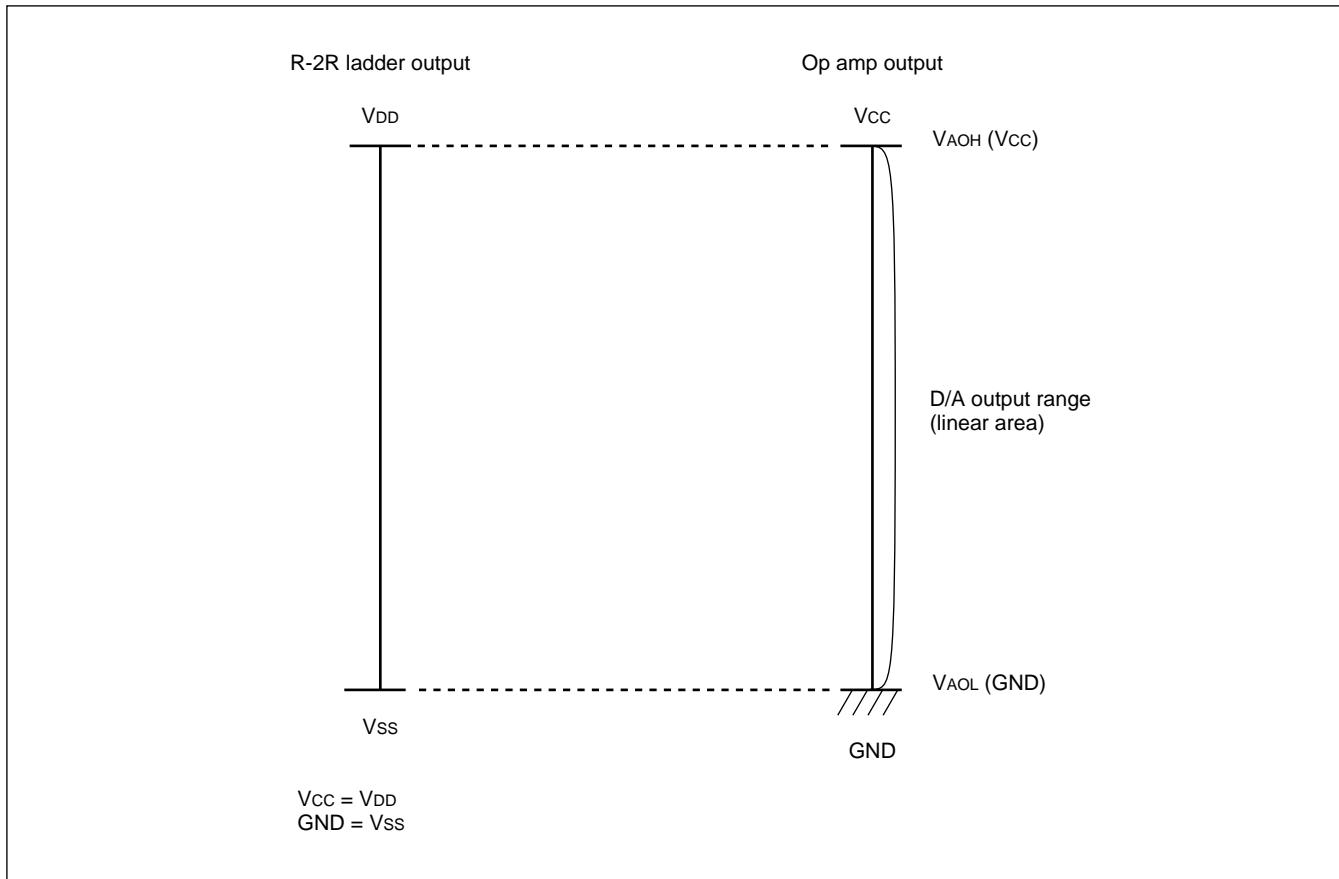
- **Address selection signals**

D8	D9	D10	D11	Address selection
0	0	0	0	Don't Care
0	0	0	1	AO <sub>1</sub> Selection
0	0	1	0	AO <sub>2</sub> Selection
0	0	1	1	AO <sub>3</sub> Selection
0	1	0	0	AO <sub>4</sub> Selection
0	1	0	1	AO <sub>5</sub> Selection
0	1	1	0	AO <sub>6</sub> Selection
0	1	1	1	AO <sub>7</sub> Selection
1	0	0	0	AO <sub>8</sub> Selection
1	0	0	1	Don't Care
1	0	1	0	Don't Care
1	0	1	1	Don't Care
1	1	0	0	Don't Care
1	1	0	1	Don't Care
1	1	1	0	Don't Care
1	1	1	1	Don't Care

## ■ DATA SETTING TIMING CHART



## ■ ANALOG OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGE



# MB88347L

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	Based on GND Ta = +25°C	-0.3	5.0	V
	V <sub>DD</sub>		-0.3*	5.0*	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>		-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
Power consumption	P <sub>D</sub>	—	—	250	mW
Operating temperature	T <sub>a</sub>	—	-20	+85	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	—	-55	+150	°C

\* : V<sub>CC</sub> ≥ V<sub>DD</sub>

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

## ■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
Power supply voltage 1	V <sub>CC</sub>	—	2.7	3.6	V
	GND	—	Typical: 0		V
Power supply voltage 2	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> – V <sub>SS</sub> ≥ 2.0 V	2.0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	V <sub>SS</sub>		GND	V <sub>CC</sub> – 2.0	V
Analog output source current	I <sub>AL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	—	1.0	mA
Analog output sink current	I <sub>AH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	—	1.0	mA
Oscillation limit output capacity	C <sub>OL</sub>	—	—	1.0	μF
Digital data value range	—	—	#00	#FF	—
Operating temperature	T <sub>a</sub>	—	-20	+85	°C

WARNING: Recommended operating conditions are normal operating ranges for the semiconductor device. All the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within the recommended operating conditions. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representative beforehand.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 1. DC Characteristics

#### (1) Digital block

( $V_{DD}, V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$  ( $V_{CC} \geq V_{DD}$ ), GND,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Conditions	Value			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$	—	2.7	3.0	3.6	V
Power supply current 1	$I_{CC}$		Operation at $CLK = 1 \text{ MHz}$ (with no load)	—	0.8	2.0	mA
Input leak current	$I_{ILK}$	CLK DI LD	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$	-10	—	10	mA
L level input voltage	$V_{IL}$		—	—	—	0.2 $V_{CC}$	V
H level input voltage	$V_{IH}$		—	0.8 $V_{CC}$	—	—	V
L level output voltage	$V_{OL}$	DO	$I_{OL} = 2.5 \text{ mA}$	—	—	0.4	V
H level output voltage	$V_{OH}$		$I_{OH} = -400 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} - 0.4$	—	—	V

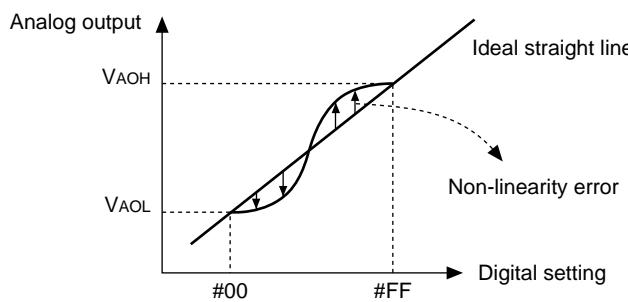
#### (2) Analog block (1)

( $V_{DD}, V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$  ( $V_{CC} \geq V_{DD}$ ), GND,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Conditions	Value			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Power consumption	$I_{DD}$	$V_{DD}$	No load	—	0.6	1.0	mA
Analog voltage	$V_{DD}$	$V_{DD}$	$V_{DD} - V_{SS} \geq 2.0 \text{ V}$	2.0	—	$V_{CC}$	V
	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$		GND	—	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	V
Resolution	$Res$	AO <sub>1</sub> to AO <sub>8</sub>	—	—	8	—	bits
Monotonic increase	$Rem$		No load $V_{DD} \leq V_{CC} - 0.1 \text{ V}$ $V_{SS} \geq 0.1 \text{ V}$	—	8	—	bits
Non-linearity error*1	$LE$			-1.5	—	1.5	LSB
Differential linearity error*2	$DLE$			-1.0	—	1.0	LSB

\*1: Deviation (error) in input/output curves with respect to an ideal straight line connecting output voltage at "00" and output voltage at "FF".

\*2: Deviation (error) in amplification with respect to theoretical increase in amplification per 1-bit increase in digital value.



Note: The value of  $V_{AOH}$  and  $V_{DD}$ , and the value of  $V_{AOL}$  and  $V_{SS}$  are not necessarily equivalent.

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## (3) Analog section (2)

(Ta = -20°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Conditions	Values			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Output minimum voltage 1	VAOL1	AO <sub>1</sub> to AO <sub>8</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AL</sub> = 0 μA Digital data = #00	V <sub>SS</sub>	—	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.1	V
Output minimum voltage 2	VAOL2		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AL</sub> = 500 μA Digital data = #00	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.2	V
Output minimum voltage 3	VAOL3		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AH</sub> = 500 μA Digital data = #00	V <sub>SS</sub>	—	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.2	V
Output minimum voltage 4	VAOL4		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AL</sub> = 1.0 mA Digital data = #00	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.3	V
Output minimum voltage 5	VAOL5		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AH</sub> = 1.0 mA Digital data = #00	V <sub>SS</sub>	—	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.3	V
Output maximum voltage 1	VAOH1		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AL</sub> = 0 μA Digital data = #FF	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.1	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Output maximum voltage 2	VAOH2		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AL</sub> = 500 μA Digital data = #FF	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.2	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Output maximum voltage 3	VAOH3		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AH</sub> = 500 μA Digital data = #FF	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.2	V
Output maximum voltage 4	VAOH4		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AL</sub> = 1.0 mA Digital data = #FF	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.3	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Output maximum voltage 5	VAOH5		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V V <sub>SS</sub> = GND = 0.0 V I <sub>AH</sub> = 1.0 mA Digital data = #FF	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.3	V

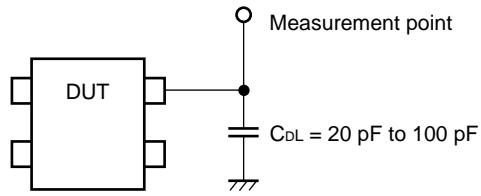
## 2. AC Characteristics

( $V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $3.6\text{ V}$  ( $V_{CC} \geq V_{DD}$ ), GND,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

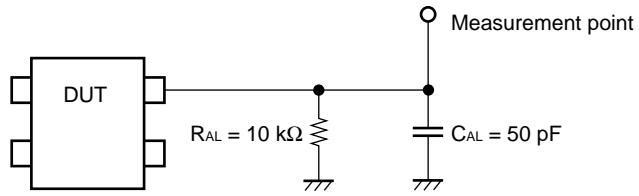
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
Clock L level pulse width	$t_{CLK}$	—	200	—	ns
Clock H level pulse width	$t_{CKH}$	—	200	—	ns
Clock rise time	$t_{Cr}$	—	—	200	ns
Clock fall time	$t_{Cf}$	—	—	—	ns
Data setup time	$t_{DCH}$	—	30	—	ns
Data hold time	$t_{CHD}$	—	60	—	ns
Load setup time	$t_{CHL}$	—	200	—	ns
Load hold time	$t_{LDC}$	—	100	—	ns
Load H level pulse width	$t_{LDH}$	—	100	—	ns
Data output delay time	$t_{DO}$	See "Load conditions (1)."	—	170	ns
D/A output settling time	$t_{LDD}$	See "Load conditions (2)."	—	200	$\mu\text{s}$

### Load conditions

- Load conditoins (1)

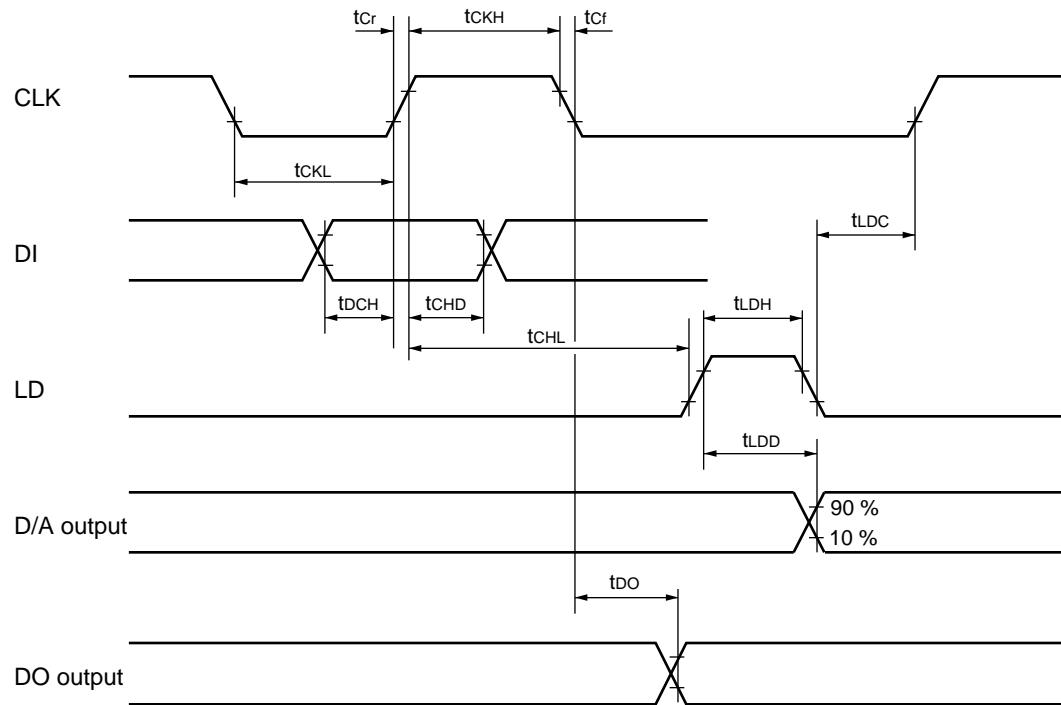


- Load conditions (2)



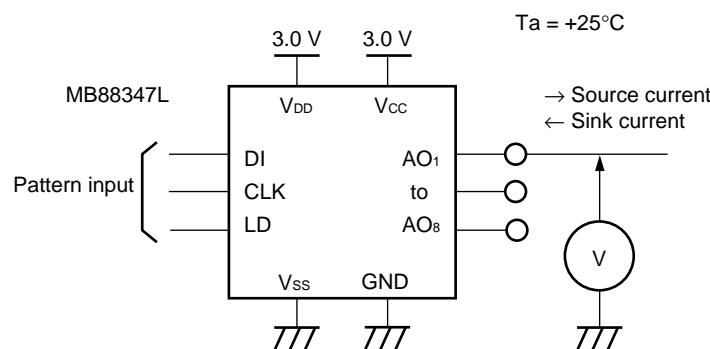
# MB88347L

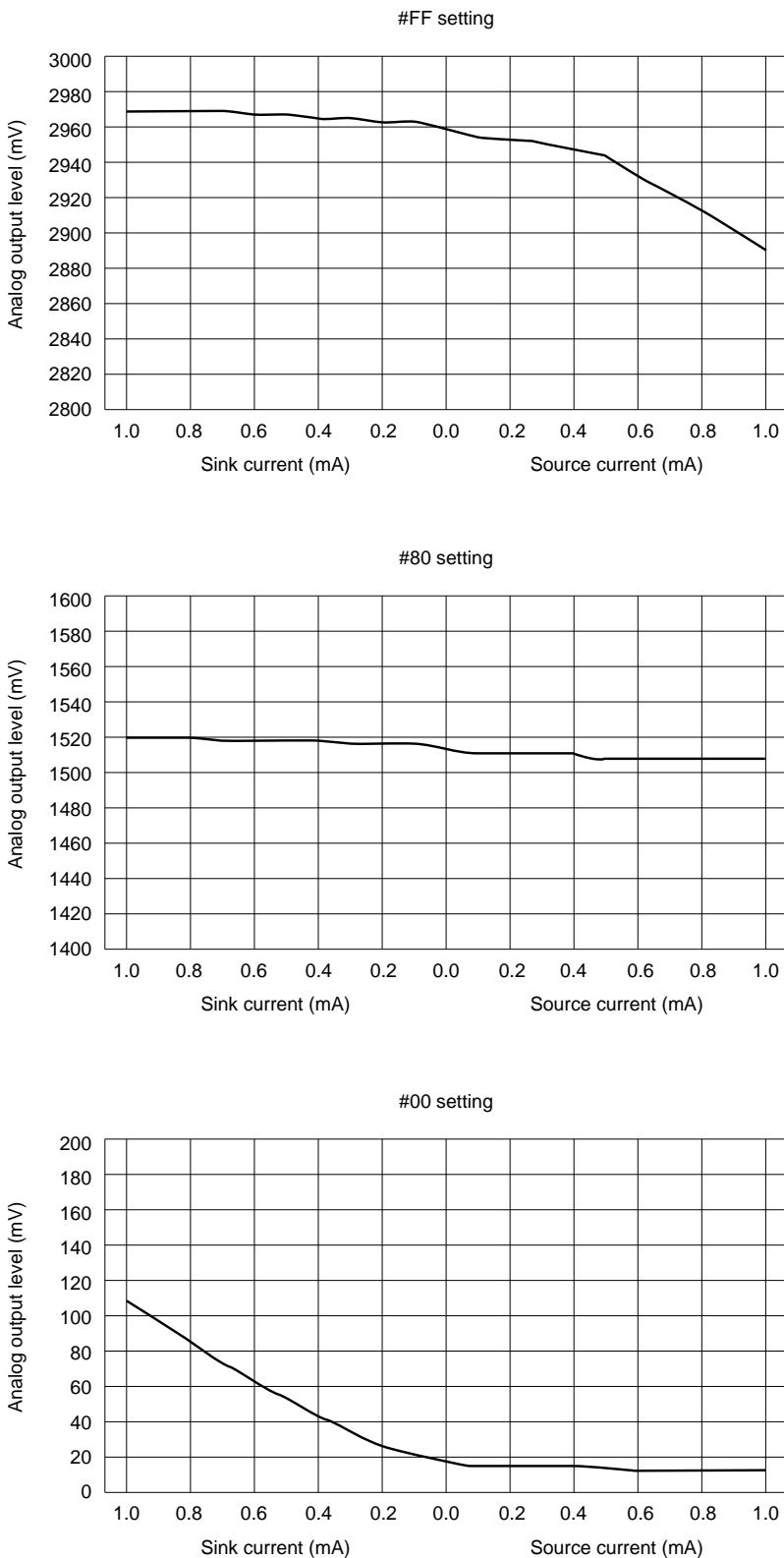
## Input/output timing



Note: Evaluation levels are 80% and 20% of Vcc.

## ■ $V_{AO}$ vs. $I_{AO}$ CHARACTERISTICS: EXAMPLE





# MB88347L

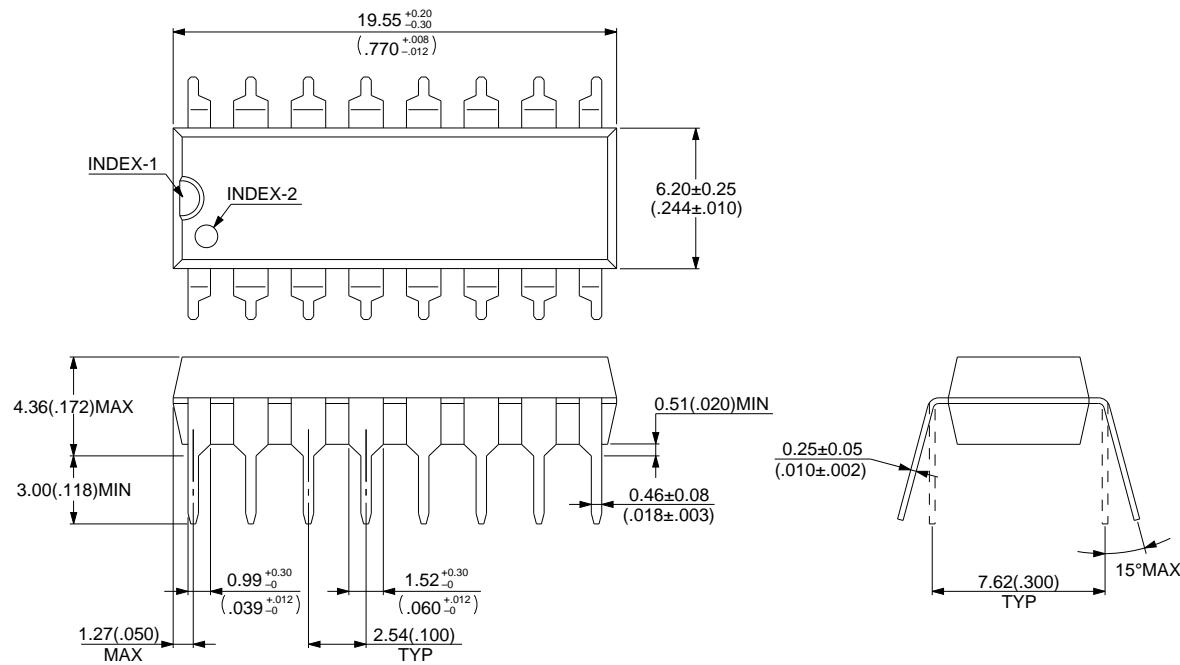
## ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB88347LP	16 pin, Plastic DIP (DIP-16P-M04)	
MB88347LPF	16 pin, Plastic SOP (FPT-16P-M06)	
MB88347LPFV	16 pin, Plastic SSOP (FPT-16P-M05)	

## ■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

16 pin, Plastic DIP

(DIP-16P-M04)



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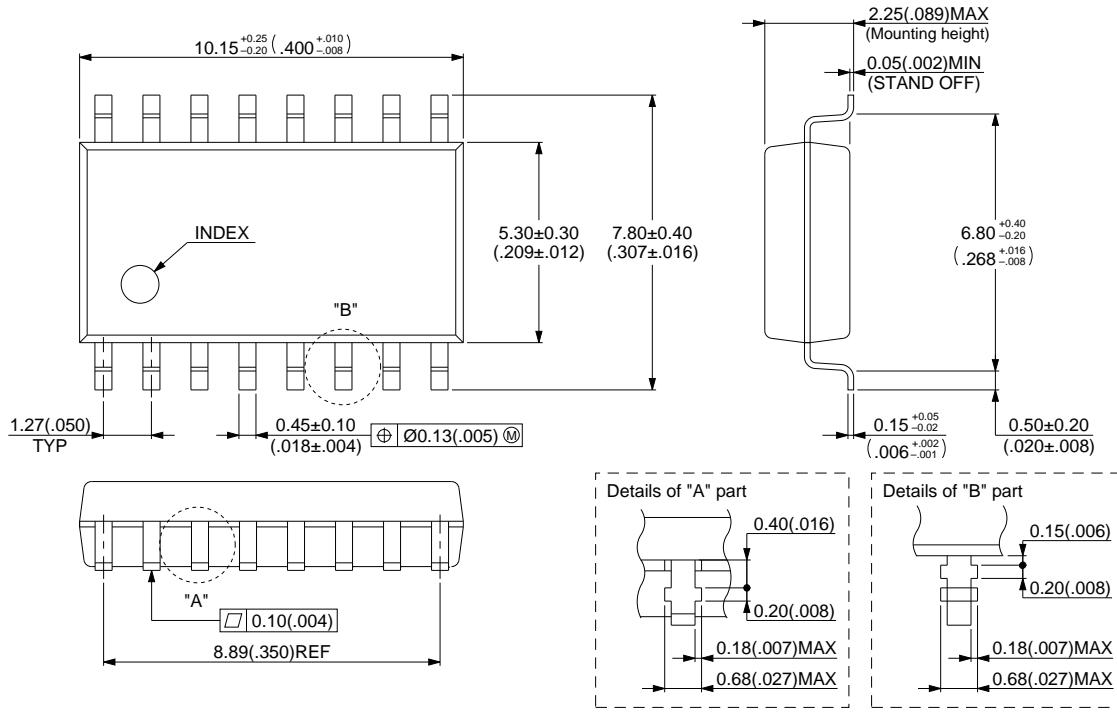
Dimensions in mm (inches).

*(Continued)*

# MB88347L

16 pin, Plastic SOP

(FPT-16P-M06)



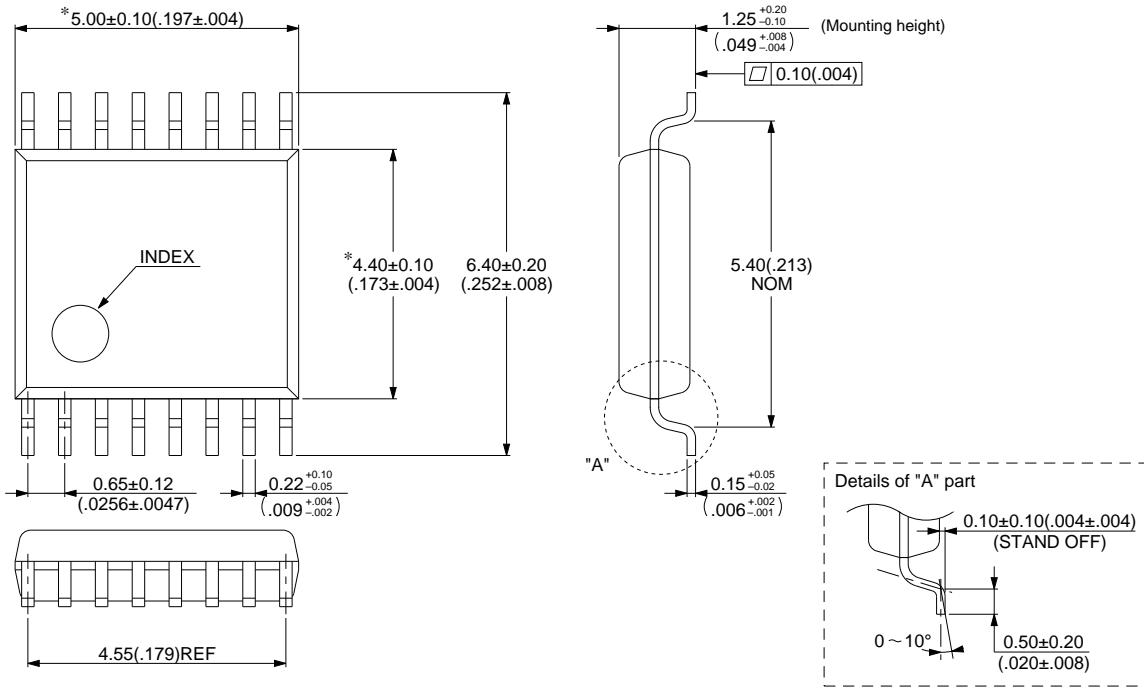
Dimensions in mm (inches).

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(Continued)

16 pin, Plastic SSOP  
(FPT-16P-M05)

\*: This dimension does not include resin protraction.



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Dimensions in mm (inches).

# FUJITSU LIMITED

*For further information please contact:*

## **Japan**

FUJITSU LIMITED  
 Corporate Global Business Support Division  
 Electronic Devices  
 KAWASAKI PLANT, 4-1-1, Kamikodanaka  
 Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi  
 Kanagawa 211-88, Japan  
 Tel: (044) 754-3763  
 Fax: (044) 754-3329

## **North and South America**

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS, INC.  
 Semiconductor Division  
 3545 North First Street  
 San Jose, CA 95134-1804, U.S.A.  
 Tel: (408) 922-9000  
 Fax: (408) 432-9044/9045

## **Europe**

FUJITSU MIKROELEKTRONIK GmbH  
 Am Siebenstein 6-10  
 63303 Dreieich-Buchschlag  
 Germany  
 Tel: (06103) 690-0  
 Fax: (06103) 690-122

## **Asia Pacific**

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE. LIMITED  
 #05-08, 151 Lorong Chuan  
 New Tech Park  
 Singapore 556741  
 Tel: (65) 281 0770  
 Fax: (65) 281 0220

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